

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It.

How to Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours. A sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also a convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and \$1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Don't make any mistake but remember this, name Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y. on every bottle.

Canton, Ohio, Druggist.

I was a miserable incurable, it appeared, for years, with stomach, liver and some slight difficulty with kidney trouble. Treated by physicians, used all patent medicines I heard of or knew of. No relief. But suffered a continual sinking and falling off in flesh until I was treated with Denn's Sure, Safe and Speedy (S. S. S.) Cure. It made a big improvement at once. Cured me right up. Irwin H. Stewart, 300 N. Market St., Canton, O.

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CURED IN 3 DAYS WITH
DENN'S SURE, SAFE & SPEEDY CURE
THE DISCOVERY 10 YEARS ON CRUTCHES
WAS CURED IN 3 DAYS, 25-75¢ (ALL DRUGGISTS)
DENN'S S.S.S. CO.
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EAST BOUND.

No. 116, Daily Fast Train leaves Cloverport 5:07 A. M., stops at Howard on flag only arrive at Louisville 7:25 A. M.

No. 112, Daily Mail and Express, leaves Cloverport 5:50 A. M., stops at all way stations arrives Louisville 12:15 P. M.

Train No. 114, Daily, fast mail, leaves Cloverport 4:50 P. M., stops at all way stations, east of Cloverport except Mystic, arrives at Louisville 7:30 P. M.

Train No. 148, Daily, except Saturday Cloverport accommodation, arrives Cloverport 8:40 P. M.

No. 118, Express Saturday only, leaves Cloverport 8:48 P. M., arrives Louisville 11:25 P. M., makes all stops except Addison, Samble, Mystic, Louisville, Webster, Long Branch, Bartles and Howard.

WEST BOUND.

No. 147, Daily, except Sunday, Cloverport accommodation, leaves Cloverport 8:00 A. M., arrives Evansville 9:00 A. M.

Train No. 111, Daily, fast mail and express leaves Cloverport 10:43 A. M., stops only at Hawesville, Lewisport, Maceo, Owensboro, Stanley, Henderson and Evansville, arrives St. Louis 7:30 P. M.

Train No. 113, Mail and Express daily, arrives Cloverport 7:40 P. M., Evansville 10:30 P. M., stops at all stations.

No. 115, daily St. Louis fast train, leaves Cloverport 11:00 P. M., arrives Evansville 1:35 A. M., St. Louis 7:40 A. M., stops at Hawesville, Owensboro and Henderson only.

No. 117, Express Sunday only, leaves Cloverport 9:55 A. M., arrives Evansville 12:15 P. M., makes all stops except Pates.

Chair cars on trains 141 and 144 between Louisville and Evansville. Through sleeping cars and reclining chair cars on trains 145 and 146, between Louisville and St. Louis.

Fordville Branch

EAST BOUND.

Train No. 2, daily except Sunday, leaves Fordville 4:30 A. M., arrives Irvington 8:40 A. M.

Train No. 4, daily except Sunday leaves Fordville 3:30 P. M., arrives Irvington 5:20 P. M.

Train No. 6, Sunday only, Fordville 6:30 A. M., Irvington 9:03 A. M.

WEST BOUND.

Train No. 3, daily except Sunday leaves Irvington 10:55 A. M., arrives Fordville 2:45 P. M.

Train No. 5, daily, leaves Irvington 6:50 P. M., arrives Fordville 9:40 P. M.

GREAT

Summer Discount

now on at Draughon's Practical Business Colleges, Evansville and Paducah. POSITIONS secured or money back. May, if prefer, take lessons BY MAIL FREE and enter college later and save cost of board, etc. Write for catalogue and "Summer Discount Card." Draughon's P. B. College Co., (Incorporated).

THE CHILDREN LIKE IT

KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE

COUGH SYRUP

SYSTEMS CONTRASTED

European State Owned Telephone Service Woefully Deficient.

Here the Talking Wire is Operated as a Business Proposition—Not Only is It Conducted Much More Efficiently in America Than Abroad, but Employees Are Better Paid and Better Treated Here.

By WALTER W. BURGESS.

It is my opinion, based upon a study at first hand, that the state owned telephone systems of Europe compared with the telephone systems of this country, both as regards development and from a financial and service standpoint, are woefully deficient. So ludicrous is the comparison that it puts me in mind of the American gentleman who, when traveling in Asia Minor, insisted upon the similarity of the rivers in that country with the rivers in Ohio—because there were salmon in both.

I have been greatly impressed with what I might term the telephone habit of the people in this country. The various telephone companies appear to make every effort to foster and develop still further this habit, both by attractive schedules of rates, graded so that they make provision for the most moderate user, and by adopting improvements which will tend to make the use of the telephone more frequent. Contrasting this with the state of affairs in Europe—take London, for example—it is a common occurrence and within my own personal knowledge that nine months have elapsed between the date of the order being given and the actual installing of the telephone. In Germany there are two stated periods during the year in which telephones are installed. Should a person require a telephone installed apart from either of these two set periods a special charge is made. In addition to this, all intending subscribers must first obtain written permission from their landlords.

The rates for long distance service in this country are much higher than in Europe, but the service given, which is the real criterion, is correspondingly much more satisfactory. Although the rates in Europe are low, you cannot get service. In continental Europe especially the toll lines are so limited that practically throughout the busy hours of the day up to late in the afternoon the lines are continually blocked. This has led to the establishing of what are termed "urgent rates." For instance, if you require to communicate with a subscriber promptly by paying three times the amount of the ordinary rate your call takes precedence over the ordinary message. In Great Britain a toll line can only be held for a six minute period, when the line must be relinquished, a restriction which only a government department would dare to enforce and which would not be tolerated by the business men of this country.

The contrast between the operators is most marked. I have been impressed with the intelligence, vim, snap, call it what you will, of the American operator. When I consider the number of calls they handle, their speed and accuracy seem to me little short of marvelous. I was astonished at the length the companies go in looking after their physical welfare. After looking through an exchange in Chicago I was shown over the operators' retiring rooms. I could not help contrasting the pleasant surroundings with those of an exchange I visited in Paris. There the switchboard was in an extremely dirty condition, and the switch room had evidently not been cleaned for days. No retiring or lunch rooms were provided for the operators, who apparently were doing just as they pleased. Some were reading, and some were indulging in animated conversation, the answering of calls being quite a secondary consideration. In Berlin, Stockholm and London the surroundings were certainly much better, but nothing to be compared with what I saw in Chicago, and the operating was terribly slow. I attribute this difference to the fact that, whereas in America the operator's position and advancement depend upon her ability, in Europe the operators, being a part of the civil service, cannot be discharged and thus, having obtained a position for life, have no further incentive and rapidly absorb the well known inertia of that department.

As far as my investigations go, the telephone systems in this country are managed along commercial lines. Rates are fixed with regard to the actual cost of giving service, improvements are adopted as soon as their efficiency has been demonstrated, and a plant which, owing to improvements in the art, has become obsolete is at once discarded. This is far from being the case in Europe. There the business is conducted by methods that are neither practical nor commercial. Considerations which are quite foreign to the business enter in. Rates are fixed without regard to the factors which should govern them. For instance, in Switzerland the same rate is charged in Davos, a city of 8,000 inhabitants, as in Zurich, with 150,000 inhabitants. The tendency is also very great to oppose any improvement or any change which tends to make additional expenditure necessary. Berlin is now just adopting the common battery system after operating for years with a cumbersome and old fashioned grounded line magnet system. It has been periodically announced that the telephone system of Paris is to be reconstructed on modern lines, but each year there is a new excuse, and Paris is still struggling along with a most miserable and hopelessly antiquated system.

BRIEF DISPATCHES

—SATURDAY—

The strike of the New York garbage gatherers has been broken and the city is being cleaned up.

Five Chinamen were killed when two Canadian Pacific railway express trains were in collision near Kenora, Ont.

The striking telegraphers say they have enough money to take care of the San Francisco trouble for several months.

Business failures in the United States for the week number 150, against 165 last week and 146 in the like week of 1906.

Mathias Jackson, a negro, charged with criminal assault, was lynched after being taken from a deputy sheriff at Alexandria, La.

It is said that the whole or a portion of the work on the Panama canal may yet be given out for construction under private contract.

—MONDAY—

Three boys were drowned in the Apple River near Somerset, Wis.

Francis Murphy, the well-known temperance lecturer, is dead at Los Angeles, Cal.

The pope has entered upon a week's retreat, during which he will hold no audiences.

General Lono, the Spanish minister of war, is dead. General Lono received his portfolio last January.

Hubert Heuck, theatrical magnate, is dead at his home in Cincinnati after an illness lasting many months.

Immigration officials have received information that there are 4,000 Japanese in Mexico awaiting a chance to slip into the United States.

Miss Elizabeth Nye, the famous sculptress known throughout Europe and the United States, is dead at Austin, Tex., of heart failure.

—TUESDAY—

The Citizens bank of Eureka Springs, Ark., has suspended payment and a receiver was appointed.

King Edward and the Emperor of Austria, Francis Joseph, are to meet at Karlsbad in August.

Nine Italians, two of them women, have been indicted for murder in the Lamana kidnapping at New Orleans.

Although order has been restored at Lisbon, the troops are still kept under arms for fear of a renewal of the rioting.

The observatory at Havana reports a severe earthquake about 931 miles to the south. The oscillations lasted upward of an hour.

Nearly 7,000 men employed on the streetcar lines and elevated roads of Chicago have received an advance in wages of from 7 to 10 per cent.

At the request of the governor of West Virginia, Major James Burns, U. S. A., retired, has been detailed for a period of four years with the organized militia of that state.

—WEDNESDAY—

China has notified the powers of the opening of Manchuria to foreign trade.

The Lowell expedition to the Andes has succeeded in photographing canals of Mars.

The First National bank of Hicksville, Ohio, has been closed upon the report of an examination showing the bank to be insolvent.

Corporal P. J. Green of the Eleventh United States Infantry was shot and killed at Holguin, Cuba, by a policeman while resisting arrest.

A tornado destroyed the town of Rochester, Tex. No one was killed, but several were hurt and many farmhouses were demolished.

The grand prix of the Automobile Club of France was won by Felice Nazzaro, the Italian champion, against a field of thirty-eight entries.

—THURSDAY—

Rear Admiral Norman Von Helldreichs Farquhar, U. S. N., retired, is dead.

Four men were killed and many injured in an explosion in a dynamite factory at Muelheim, Prussia.

A tornado which swept over western Wisconsin damaged several towns and two persons are reported killed.

James Stillman denies that he contemplates resigning the presidency of the National City bank of New York.

The weekly rest-day bill, which provides that all employees have one day of rest in the seven, has been approved by the Italian chamber of deputies.

President Manuel Amador of the republic of Panama has arrived at New York on a six months' vacation voted him by the legislative assembly of Panama.

—FRIDAY—

The Cape Town assembly rejected a resolution in favor of women's suffrage by 66 votes to 24.

At least ten persons are believed to have lost their lives in the tornado that swept the western part of Wisconsin Wednesday.

Martin J. Sheridan of the Irish-American Athletic club of New York, won the all-around championship of the Amateur Athletic Union.

While celebrating the Fourth at Yorkville, N. Y., a number of Poles began fighting, with the result that two of them are dead.

Mrs. Laura Kendall, aged forty-four, while suffering nervous strain aggravated by noise of exploding giant crackers, committed suicide at St. Joseph, Mo.

One motorman is dead, another motorman is dying and nearly a score of other persons were severely injured in a collision of three electric cars at East Providence, R. I.

CUSTER.

CUSTER, KY.

Jesse Kinnison is now recovering from a tedious spell of sickness. John Butler, the postmaster, went to Garfield Saturday.

Sherman Haynes and Charley Alexander attended the ice cream supper at Garfield Saturday night.

Master Irwin Taylor took his sisters, Eliza and Louise, to Big Spring Tuesday on a visit to their uncle, Walton Ritchie. They will remain and return home Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Americus Bruner and wife after a week's visit among friends returned to their home in Louisville Monday.

Little Alonzo, the nine month's old baby of Doctor and Mrs. Cora Board, died Monday at noon. Death was due to brain fever.

A good many of our young people spent their Fourth in Hardinsburg taking in the picnic, viz: Dr. Raymond Meador, Sherman Haynes, Tom Olive and Marvin Harrington.

A. B. Suter, the banker, in company with his brother, Jess, who is visiting him, spent the Fourth in Louisville. They will be accompanied home by another brother from Indianapolis, who will remain a few days to visit them.

Mr. Wm. Carter had his sister Nancye to come and make a long visit in Custer, thinking the change would be a benefit to her, she being an invalid for the past two years. Since her coming to Custer, however, she has been confined to her bed and is at present a very sick woman.

Mrs. Bill Bennett, of near Custer, is quite ill. Mrs. Bennett is an old lady and has been an invalid for a long time.

Bro. McConnell had a telegram from El Paso, Texas, the Fourth, calling him immediately to the bedside of his son, who had very recently gone there for his health. The son had consumption, and 'tis doubtful if Bro. McConnell reaches him before death.

Mrs. Milburn, of Louisville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bennett, of near Custer.

The Fourth was very quietly spent here, Hardinsburg having taken off all of our young people.

A Happy Man.

Is Amos F. King, of Port Byron, N. Y., (85 years of age); since a sore on his leg, which has troubled him the greater part of his life, has been entirely healed by Bucklen's Arnica Salve: the world's great healer of Sores, Burns, Cuts, Wounds and Piles. Guaranteed by Severs Drug Co. Price 25c.

"THE UNWRITTEN LAW"

Virginia Jury Was Swayed by This Dangerous Theory of Defense.

Houston, Va., July 1.—After being out for thirty-five minutes the jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of ex-Judge William G. Loving of Nelson, manager of the Virginia estate of Thomas F. Ryan, who was placed on trial here Monday for the murder of Theodore Estes, son of Sheriff M. K. Estes of Nelson county.

Judge Loving shot and killed Estes April 22 at Oak Ridge, following a buggy ride the dead man had taken with the judge's daughter, Miss Elizabeth Loving, who told her father that her escort had drugged and assaulted her.

A Live Wire

Every nerve is a live wire connecting some part of the body with the brain. They are so numerous that if you penetrate the skin with the point of a needle you will touch a nerve and receive a shock—pain it is called. Aches and pains come from a pressure, strain or injury to a nerve; the more prominent the nerve the greater the pain. When the pain comes from a large nerve it is called

Neuralgia

whether it be the facial nerves, or the heart, stomach, sciatic or other prominent nerve branch. To stop pain, then, you must relieve the strain or pressure upon the nerves. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills do this.

"I suffered intense pain, caused by neuralgia. I doctored and used various medicines without getting relief until I began taking Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They never fail to cure my headaches, and their use never leaves any bad after-effects."

MRS. W. M. BECKMAN, 357 W. 4th St., Erie, Pa.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails, he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

The First Annual Meeting of the Breckenridge County Fair

will be held at

Hardingsburg 3 days Sept. 3, '07

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A premium list of nearly three thousand dollars, one of the best equipped grounds in the State, a total investment of about \$8,500, guarantee one of the very greatest fairs ever held in Kentucky.

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CHAS. SKILLMAN, Asst-Cashier

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Only one block from the principal shopping district and two blocks from the principal theatres.

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Everything neat and clean.

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\$38.00 Portland, Tacoma and Seattle.

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Corresponding rates to other points in the West and Northwest.

Cheap one way colonist tickets and round trip homeseekers tickets will also be sold on March 5th and 19th and April 2d and 16th to Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Texas and other points in the Southwest and Southeast.

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